CLEAN-UP

CAUTION: Some cleaning products are not suitable for use. Read all labels carefully. DO NOT USE if labels say heat, solvent based cleaning fluids, or "not suitable for use with fiberglass."

NOTE: Do not remove warranty/maintenance adhered label. Warranty/User maintenance label must be left for occupant (Required by ANSIZ124).

- 1. To prevent staining, remove all debris before plumbing leak test. Drain and wipe clean immediately after the inspection process. Use sponge with warm water and liquid detergent. Rinse, drain and wipe clean. Do not use abrasive cleansers that might mar, dull or scratch the finish such as scouring powders, steel wool, metal scrapers, or sandpaper.
- 2. If drywall mud or plaster gets on your fixture, it may be carefully removed with a wooden scraper. Roofing tar or paints may be removed with rubbing alcohol or paint thinner. Lacquer thinner should never be used on the fixture.
- 3. Plaster and latex paint may be removed with warm water, liquid detergent and brittle brush or plastic scraper. Do not use metal scraper or utensil to remove plaster or paint from finish.
- 4. Dull areas and light scratches around the outer edges of the fixture can be restored to high gloss by buffing with a soft cloth with white or cream-colored automotive rubbing compound, followed by the application of coat or good quality white automotive polish (or similar) and buff with a soft cloth. DO NOT WAX standing surfaces of the unit bottom (this includes textured, slip resistant standing surfaces), which could result in greater risk of slipping and personal injury.
- 5. Major gouges require professional repair.
- 6. See user maintenance instructions and label for more details.

USER MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT! Use only recommended cleaners and procedures described herein. Use of other materials and methods may damage your bath fixture and void the warranty.

- For normal cleaning, never use abrasive cleaners such as scouring powders or pads, steel wool, scrapers, sandpaper or anything
 else that could scratch or dull the surface of your fixture. Use warm water and liquid detergents or non-abrasive cleansers, such as
 Soft Scrub Gel or Comet Gel. read all labels carefully and DO NOT USE if they say "not suitable for use with fiberglass."
- To keep your bath fixture sparkling clean, apply a coat of good quality automotive paste wax or polish and buff to a high shine with
 a soft cloth or towel. Repeat every six months for easier cleaning and long lasting protection. DO NOT WAX standing surfaces of the
 unit bottom (this includes textured, slip resistant standing surfaces), which could result in greater risk of slipping and personal injury.
- 3. To restore a scratched or dull unit, use an automotive polishing compound applied with a clean cotton rag. Rub scratches and dull areas vigorously. Wipe off residues. Follow with automotive wax treatment described above. DO NOT WAX standing surfaces of the unit bottom (this includes textured, slip resistant standing surfaces), which could result in greater risk of slipping and personal injury.
- 4. To remove adhesive, try 3-M® natural cleaner, De-Solv-It® or similar materials. If residues remain, saturate small white cotton rag with nail polish remover and rub vigorously until the adhesive dissolves and disappears. These solvents are highly flammable and must be used sparingly and with caution. Do not allow solvent to go down the drain. Make sure not to contact plastic drain grates or other synthetic materials.
- 5. Rubber mats: If you use rubber "anti-skid" mat, make sure to remove it from the unit after each use to avoid harm to the surface finish.
- 6. Hard Water: Water in certain regions, if not wiped up after bathing/showering, may cause fading of some fixture colors. This is a natural occurrence beyond the manufacturer's control and the manufacturer is not responsible for any fading caused from hard water. (See Warranty)

CAUTION: When using any cleaning or polishing materials, make sure to read and follow all package instructions carefully. Wear rubber gloves at all times and avoid contact with eyes, skin, clothing, rugs and furnishings. Make sure all residues are rinsed off thoroughly.